

# Random dilution effects in 1D spin system $\text{CaCr}_{2-x}\text{Sc}_x\text{O}_4$



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## Introduction

$\beta\text{-CaCr}_2\text{O}_4$  is a compound in which magnetic chromium ions ( $S = 3/2$ ) form parallel weakly coupled triangular ladders. A long-range magnetic order sets in below  $T_N = 21$  K. This topology allows to combine both magnetic frustration and low dimensionality. In order to study the impact of random dilution on the magnetic properties and the 1D character of this compound, a series of substituted compounds  $\text{CaCr}_{2-x}\text{Sc}_x\text{O}_4$  ( $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ) was investigated by neutron scattering and magnetization measurements.

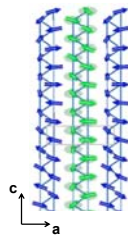
### Structure

**Pbnm**  
 $a = 10.6203(3)$  Å [1]  
 $b = 9.0801(3)$  Å  
 $c = 2.9681(1)$  Å

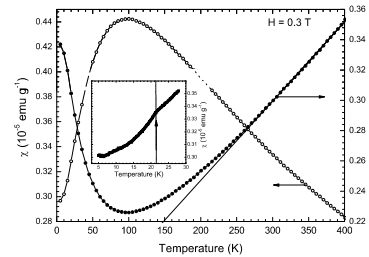
➤ Cycloidal incommensurate structure:  
 $\mathbf{k} = (0 \ 0 \ q)$ ,  $q = 0.47$  [1]

➤ In the mean-field approximation: [2]  $\cos(\pi q) = \frac{J_1}{4J_2}$ ,  $\frac{J_2}{J_1} = 3.3$

### $\beta\text{-CaCr}_2\text{O}_4$



### Magnetization Measurements

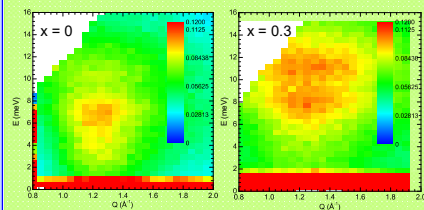


For  $x = 0$ : [1]

- $\theta_{\text{CW}} = -239 \pm 5$  K
- $\mu_{\text{eff}} = 3.89 \mu_B$
- $(\mu_{\text{th}} = 3.87 \mu_B, S = 3/2)$
- $T_N = 21$  K
- $f = 10\theta_{\text{CW}}/T_N \sim 11$

### $\beta\text{-CaCr}_{2-x}\text{Sc}_x\text{O}_4$

Inelastic neutron scattering measurements ( $T = 90$  K)

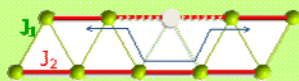


➤ Above  $T_N$ , the spectra shows a pseudo-gapped excitation attributed to the onset of 1D quantum effects, which persists up to  $x = 0.3$  and which can be seen over a large temperature range

➤ The characteristic frequency  $E_0$  of the excitation increases with both temperature and substitution (« blue shift » [3])

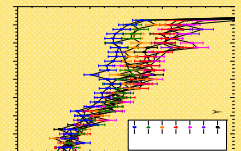
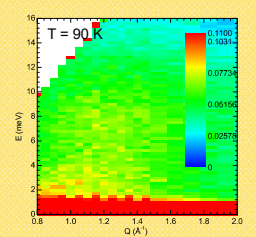
➤ Progressive confinement of the 1D excitation within shorter chains

➤ Crucial role of  $J_2$  in propagating the 1D excitation



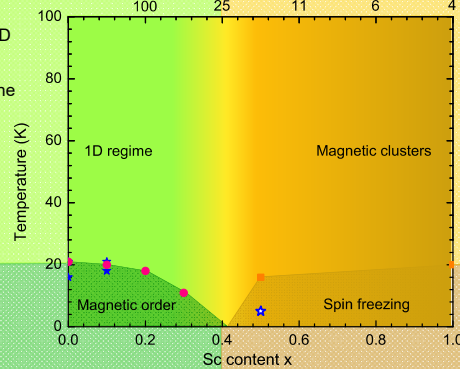
➤ The system breaks apart into a set of disconnected 3D clusters

Inelastic neutron scattering measurements ( $x = 0.5$ )

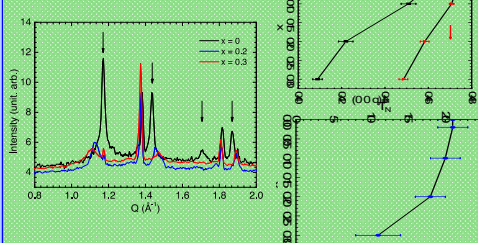


Threshold ( $\sim 25$  spins)

Average chain length (number of spins)



Neutron diffraction ( $T = 1.5$  K)

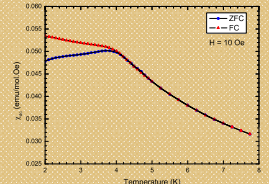


➤ Broadening of the magnetic Bragg peaks and significant decrease in the ordered magnetic moment

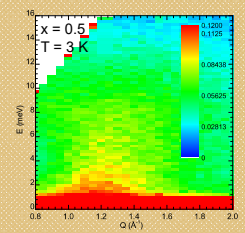
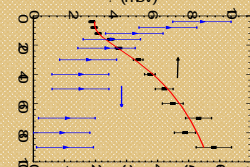
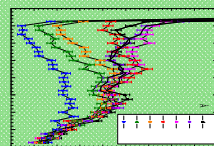
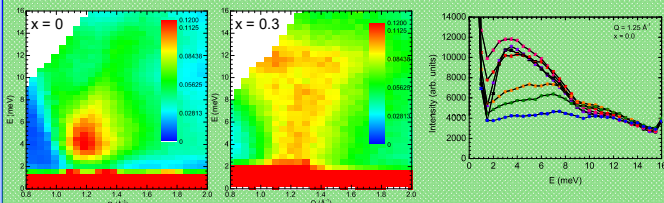
➤ Decrease in the magnetic correlation length (80 Å for  $x = 0.3$ ) and in the component  $q$  of the propagation vector  $\mathbf{k} = (0 \ 0 \ q)$  with substitution

➤ Above  $x = 0.5$ : disordered system with a spin glass transition below 4 K

Susceptibility measurements ( $x = 0.5$ )



Inelastic neutron scattering measurements ( $T = 3$  K)



## Références :

- [1] F. Damay *et al.*, Zigzag ladders with staggered magnetic chirality in the  $S = 3/2$  compound  $\beta\text{-CaCr}_2\text{O}_4$ , Phys. Rev. B 81, 214405 (2010)
- [2] F. Damay *et al.*, Quantum gapped spin excitations in the  $S = 3/2$  zigzag ladder compound  $\beta\text{-CaCr}_2\text{O}_4$ , Phys. Rev. B 84, 020402 (2011)
- [3] I. A. Zaliznyak *et al.*, Neutron-scattering study of the dynamic spin correlations in  $\text{CsNiCl}_3$  above Néel ordering, Phys. Rev B 55(21), 15824 (1994)